## **EWS5000T Specifications**

NEMIC-LAMBDA

:For delivery, contact to our sales office.

A122-01-01A

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	MODEL			EWS5000T	EWS5000T	EWS5000T	
	ITEMS			-2	-3.3	-5	
1	Nominal Output Voltage		>	2	3.3	5	
2	Maximum Output Current		Α	1000	1000	1000	
3	Maximum Output Power		W	2000	3300	5000	
4	Efficiency (Typ)	(*1)	%	65	70	80	
5	Input Voltage Range	(*2)		3phase ( 3φ ) 170 ~ 265VAC, 47 ~ 63Hz (*14)			
				AC Input Voltage Range Shown on Front Panel 200 - 240VAC (50/60Hz)			
6	Input Current (Typ)	(*1)	Α	11	16	20	
7	Power Factor (Typ)	(*1)	-	0.95	0.95	0.95	
8	Inrush Current(Typ)	(*3)	Α	60A at 200VAC	60A at 200VAC	60A at 200VAC	
9	Output Voltage Range (Typ)	(*4)	V	±20%	±20%	±20%	
10	Maximum Ripple & Noise	(*5)	mV	200	200	200	
11	Maximum Line Regulation	(*6)	mV	20	20	20	
12	Maximum Load Regulation	(*7)	mV	30	30	30	
	Over Current Protection	(*8)	%	105 ~ 130%	105 ~ 130%	105 ~ 130%	
14	Over Voltage Protection	(*9)	V	2.60 ~ 2.80V	4.29 ~ 4.62V	6.50 ~ 7.00V	
	Hold-up Time (Typ)	(*10)	ms	20ms			
16	16 Remote Sensing -			Possible			
17	7 Remote ON/OFF Control -			Possible			
18	18 Parallel Operation			Possible (with current balance)			
19	Series Operation		-	Possible			
20	Operating Temperature	(*11)	°C	-10 ~ +60°C			
21	21 Operating Humidity		%	30 ~ 90%RH (No dewdrop)			
22	22 Storage Temperature			-30 ~ +85°C			
23	23 Storage Humidity			10 ~ 95%RH (No dewdrop)			
24	24 Cooling			Forced air by blower fan ( Blower fan is mounted within supply )			
25	Temperature Coefficient %			Less than 2% at -10 ~ +60 °C			
26	Withstand Voltage	(*12)	kV	1			
				Output - Chassis : 500VAC	1min		
27	Isolation Resistance		Ω	More than $100M\Omega$ at 25°C and $70\%RH$ Output - Chassis: $500VDC$			
28	Vibration		G	Less than 2G			
29	Shock		G	Less than 20G			
30	Safety		-	Built to meet UL1950-D3, CSA1402C			
31	31 Weight kg			19.5			
32	Size (WxHxD) mm 376 x 125 x 290 ( Refer to Outline Drawing )						
33	Monitoring Signal	nal (*13) - PF, HG (Open Collector Output)					

\*Read instruction manual carefully, before using the power supply unit. -NOTES-

- \*1. At 200VAC and maximum output power.
- \*2. For cases where conformance to various safety specs (UL, CSA) are required, input voltage range will be 200 ~ 240VAC.
- \*3. When resuming operation in less than 5 sec after power failure at no load, softstart circuit will not limit the in -rush current at turn-on.
- \*4. By means of V. adj. on front panel. Also by PV controlling output voltage is adjustable from 0V to the maximum output voltage. (Rating x 120%). Refer to Fig . 1. Ratings : Refer to Fig . 2
- \*5. Mounting film capacitor of 1uF and electrolytic capacitor of 100uF on + & output bars, measured at the lead of the capacitors.
- \*6. From 170 ~ 265VAC, constant load.
- \*7. From No load ~ Full load, constant input voltage.
- \*8. Constant current limiting with automatic recovery. (The unit automatically shuts down the output when it is left for 5 seconds (Typ) under the state that OCP is operating and the output voltage is less than PF detected level.)
- (Mounting method : A,B,C)

  70

  70

  50

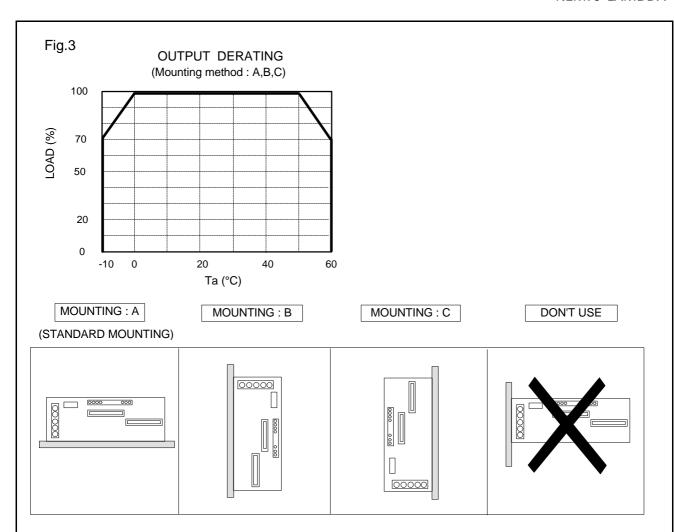
  20

  -10 0 20 40 60

  Fig.3 AMBIENT TEMPERATURE (°C)

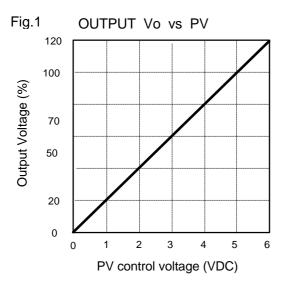
**OUTPUT DERATING** 

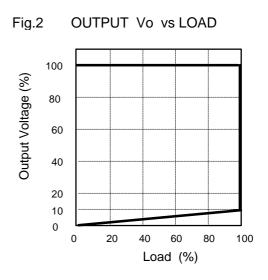
- \*9. At rated voltage. Inverter shut-down method, manual reset. (OVP circuit will shut-down output.)
- \*10. At 200VAC, Nominal output voltage & Maximum output current.
- \*11. Ratings -Refer to Derating Curve on the Fig. 3.
- \*12. Leakage current range used : Input Chassis greater than 20mA Input Output greater than 20mA Output Chassis greater than 300mA
- \*13. PF voltage varies with tracking output voltage. HG: For monitoring of the status of internal PFC circuit operation.
- \*14. Shuts down output when the voltage of each phase drops to less than AC150V.



## **Output Voltage Range**

By mean of V. adj. on front panel. Also by PV controlling output voltage is adjustable from 0V to the maximum output voltage (Rating x 120%). Refer to Fig . 1. Ratings : Refer to Fig . 2





<sup>\*</sup> PV setting allowance: At rated input and no load, ±2% of required output voltage or ±1% of nominal output voltage, whichever is greater.